POINT AUTOFOCUS PROBE

3D FORM MEASURING INSTRUMENT



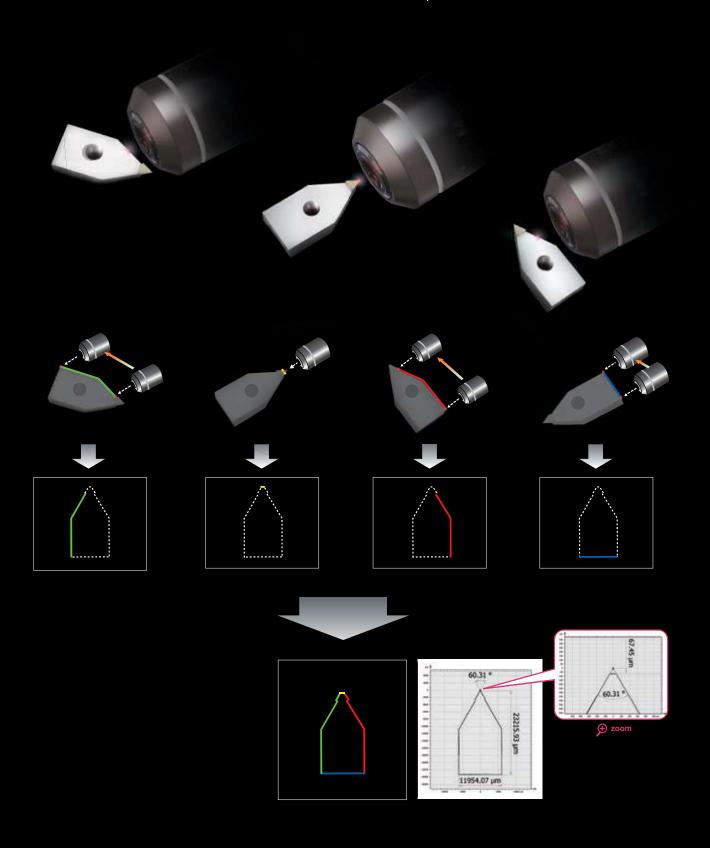
FOR THE TOPOGRAPHY MEASUREMENT OF A LARGE RANGE OF SURFACES

Mitaka

Point autofocus measurement exceed the capability of conventional non-co

MLP-3 offers all-round contour measurement

The combination of a fully non-contact point autofocus probe and a high-precision five-axis stage offer the submicron contour measurement of all kinds of workpieces.

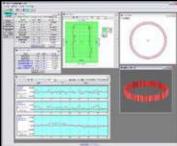


ing ntact measurement

High-precision measurement with no influence of surface colors / reflectance

MLP-3 directly measures various types of surfaces, from coated glass with very low reflectance of approximately 0.5% to mirror surface with reflectance of 90% or greater.





Approach to a workpiece in various direction

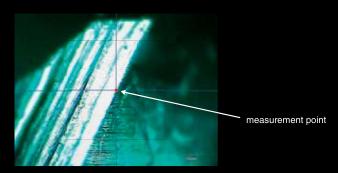
The theta (θ) axis of MLP-3 offers the most appropriate angles and positions for the high-precision quantitative measurement of 2D / 3D forms.





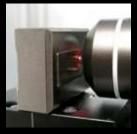
Capable of observing the measurement point

The built-in CCD camera offers a live view of the laser spot at each measurement point and surfaces of the workpiece for easy setup of measurement points.



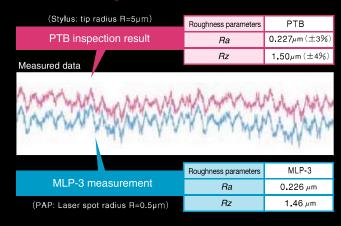
High correlation with international standards for roughness measurement

Point autofocus profiling has a high correlation with roughness standards for stylus instruments and obtains reliable data.





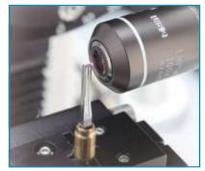
- Roughness standard : TypeD1 (ISO5436-1) Measurement method : stylus Tip radius : 5 µm
 - Evaluation length (In): 4mm



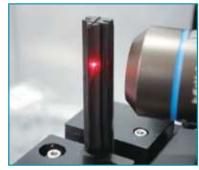
Measurements that can be ONL



Multi-function measurements that cannot be carried out by any coordinate measuring machines, profile projectors, or laser microscopes — that is the field in which MLP-3 excels. The point autofocus probe with the 5-axis stage help measurers solve problems.



all-round measurement (Pg. 5)



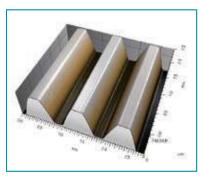
soft and transparant workpiece (Pg. 6)



comparison to the design value (Pg. 9)



cutting tool measurement (Pg. 8)



profile and surface texture (Pg. 7)

All-round measurement of complex forms

Problem

Cut samples for contour measurements

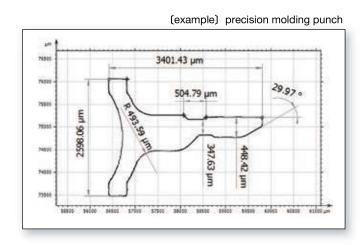
It is difficult to measure the contours of complex formed molding dies, punches, tools, etc. as the probe of a 3D measuring instrument cannot trace their entire forms. In such cases, you may need to give up on measurement, use transfer agent to make replicas of the complexed forms that may not restore the precise forms of the original resources, or cut your workpiece which may end up deforming it. There may be a case where you are not allowed to cut the workpiece due to its value.

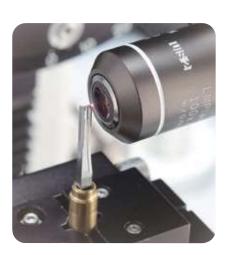


Solution

Polygon measurement offers the entire contour measurements of the complex formed workpieces

MLP-3 rotates its theta (θ) axis to the most appropriate angles and positions for the measurements. You can check the measurement point during the setup, hence you can easily obtain the contours of any part of the workpiece. Polygon measurement offers non-destructive measurements and restores the workpieces.

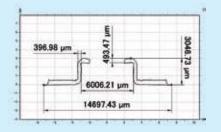




application example

thin part measurement





Soft and delicate workpiece

Problem

Stylus damages and cutting deforms

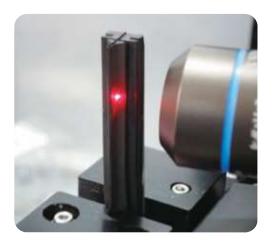
It is difficult for stylus instruments to measure soft materials, such as rubber, plastic and lens, and delicate workpieces, such as precision moldings and thin pressed parts, as contact pressure from the measuring probe damages them.



Solution

A fully non-contact measurement never damage or deform the workpiece during the measurement.

The fully non-contact point autofocus probe and the Poligon measurement offer flawless and non-destructive measurements. Wear and deformation volumes can be easily measured for product life assessment.



(example) rubber blade

application example

optical parts and precision processing parts



glass sphere



small diameter ball screw

Form and surface texture evaluations

Problem

Different instruments for different measurements

A micrometer or a 3D measuring instrument for form and size measurements. A roughness measuring instrument for roughness measurement.



Solution

The multi-function measurements offer roughness, form and surface texture measurements.

MLP-3 is a multi-function measuring instrument and offers roughness, form and surface texture measurements and evaluations in one system. Its measurement method is fully conformed with ISO 25178: Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Surface texture: Areal (see Pg.10). It also offers surface texture evaluations by removing the forms from the 3D measurement data (see below). For gear profile and evaluation, the optional software, dedicated to gear evaluation, is available (see Pg.12).

form removal

T43.4

μm

O_O

O_S

1, O

T.S

THOMP Parameters

Y=2.5 mm

Y=2.5 mm

Z=0.74 mm

Z=0.74 mm

Sa

O.22 μm

Texample) precision gear tooth surface

T43.4

μm

O_O

O_S

T_O

S_O

S

application example

processing error of a semispherical surface

| Solution | Solution

Cutting tool measurement

Problem

Cutting edge and form measurements

Tool measuring instruments in general cannot measure the form of the cutting edge and the web thickness of cutting tools. Laser microscopes may be able to measure the cutting edge of a tool, but it only offers to evaluate the tip of the cutting edge.

Solution

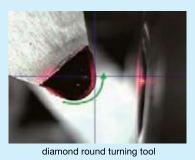
The multi-function measurements offer the entire form meausrement of the cutting tool and its cutting edge in detail.

MLP-3 measures the rake face of an end mill, which tends to be a dead angle, in detail and evaluates the web thickness of the end mill, which determines the strength of cutting tools. It also measures its cutting edge as well. In addition, MLP-3 quantitatively evaluates the decentering of the cutting edge from the center axis of its shank by measuring the center of the shank.



application example

ultra-precision processing tools



size and profile tolerance evaluations
total height of raw profile: Pt=0.298µm
root-mean-square deviation of the raw profile: Pq=0.044µm

Fitting comparison with submicron accuracy

Problem

Unable to measure inner/outer contours

3D laser microscopes are popular to measure forms in submicron level, however, their measuring ranges are limited. It is not easy to measure a large area with submicron accuracy. In addition, they cannot measure inner / outer forms of the entire workpiece.

Solution

MLP-3 directly measures inner / outer contours in a large area with submicron accuracy.

MLP-3 evaluates the entire form of the workpiece with submicron accuracy if it fits within the measuring range. The inner diameter measuring module (optional) measures the inner and outer forcus of two gears and offers fitting evaluation and CAD comparison, shown in the example below. The standard evaluation software (see Pg.11) visualizes the deviation between two measured profiles and profile-design values (i.e. DXF data). Furthermore, the 3D CAD comparison / evaluation software (optional) visualizes surface deviation between a measured profile and its 3D design values.

gaps in the sliding surfice:0.01mm!

fitting evaluation comparison with design value



additional benefit

3D CAD comparison
optional software

measured data
comparison with 3D CAD data

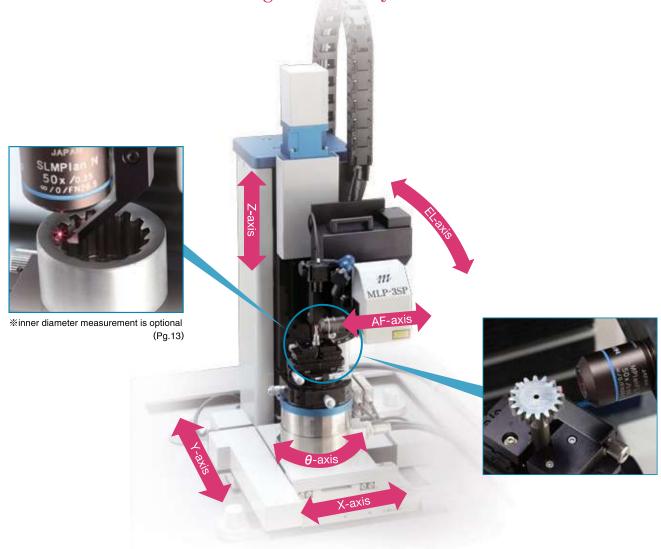
ISO-approved measurement method

the Fifth Monozukuri Nippon Grand Award
Winner of the METI Minister's Award

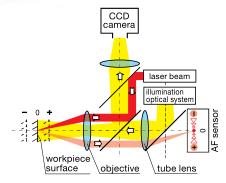
The Japan Society for Precision Engineering Award
Winner of Technology Award

ISO25178-605 3D surface texture - non-contact measuring instrument (point autofocus probe)

The measurement principle fullly conformed with the ISO Standards and the multi-axis control offer higher-reliability data.



The laser beam from the optical system reflects on a workpiece surface and its scattering light is captured by the objective to form a laser spot on the Autofocus (AF) sensor. The laser spot is positioned at the center of the AF sensor when the workpiece surface is in focus. The laser spot position displaces upward or downward when the workpiece surface is out of focus. The AF sensor detects the laser spot displacement and feeds back the information to the AF mechanism in order to adjust the objective back to the in-focus position. The workpiece is controlled in three axes (X, Y, and θ) and the laser probe is controlled in two axes (AF and Z) axes. This control mechanism offers profile measurements of various kinds of workpieces by obtaining each coordinate value at each in-focus point.



laser probe optical system

Measurement and evaluation functions

Measurement software

The built-in CCD camera offers user-friendly operation by visualizing the measurement point.

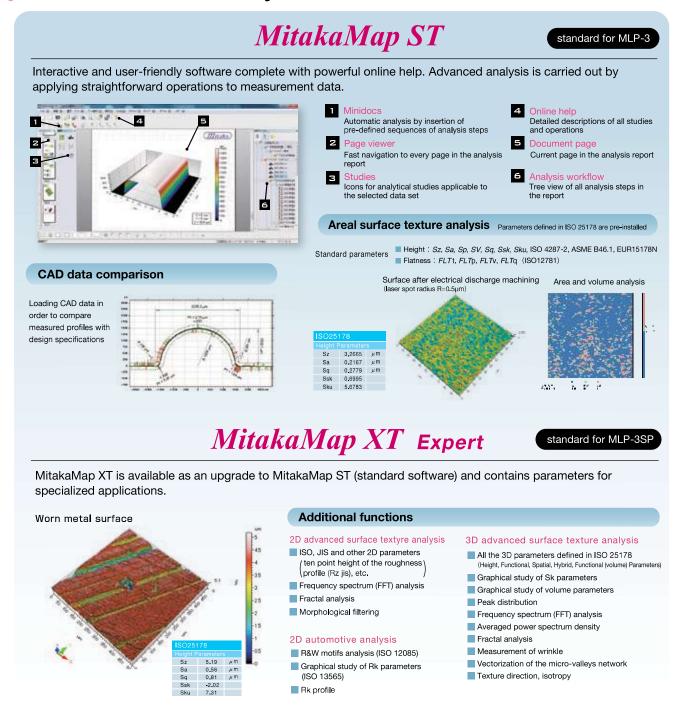
1 measurement / evaluation menu

MitakaViewer 4 microscope image

upper camera view



3D Surface texture analysis software*



Options Measurement / evaluation func

Gear measurement and evaluation

MLP-3 measures contours of small-diameter gears, that contact measuring instruments cannot measure.

MLP-3 can measure the entire contours of small-diameter gears and small modules with its 1µm laser spot diameter. The user-friendly gear measurement software offers easy measurement setup by simply entering the gear specifications and specifying measurement positions.

micro gear

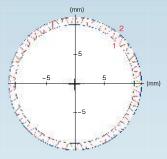
m=0.06 d=0.36



plastic gear

m=0.5 d=20



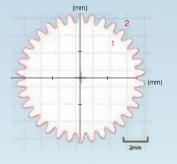


1: root diameter 18.729 mm 2: tip diameter 20.971 mm

precision grinded gear

m=0.27 d=9.18





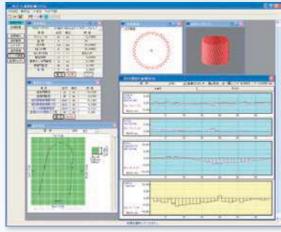
1: root diameter 8.910 mm 2: tip diameter 10.315 mm

Easy-to-use gear evaluation software

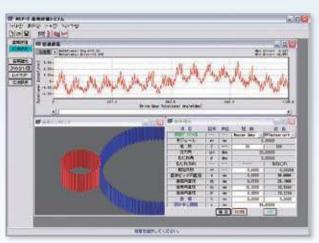
1: root diameter 234 µm

2: tip diameter 575 µm

Gear evaluation software is conformed with ISO Standards and carries out the simulation of meshing gears and transmission errors with simple operations. It helps produce high-precision gears and manage quality control.



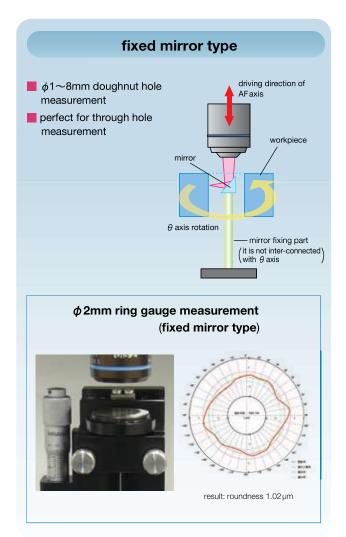
gear evaluation: profile deviation, pitch deviation, runout

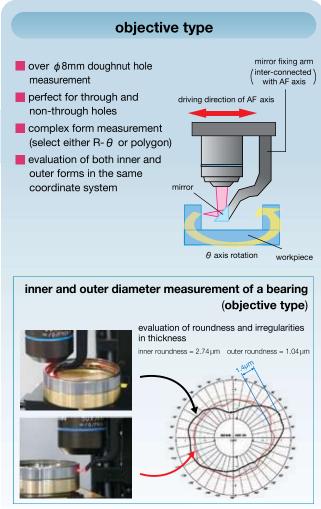


transmission error / mesh simulation

Inner diameter measurement and evaluation

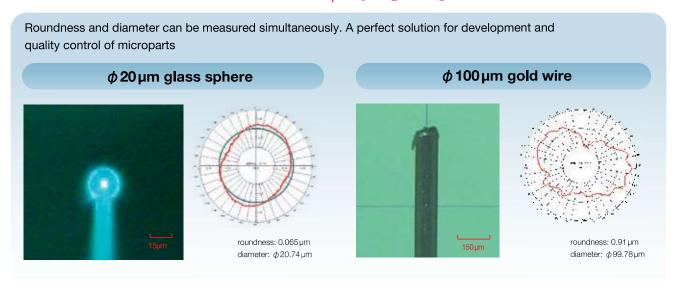
2 types of modules





Roundness measurement and evaluation

World first roundness measurement of a ϕ 20µm glass sphere



MLP-3 Standard model

[MLP 2] specification

A perfect solution for meausring and evaluating various workpieces

■ [MitakaMap ST] [Advanced Contour Analysis] [3D measuring software] are included as standard equipment

[MLP-3] spec	cification						
Axes	X axis	Y axis	Z axis	AF(R) axis	$AZ(\theta)$ axis		
Measuring range	120 mm	120 mm	130 mm	40 mm	360°		
Positioning resolution	0.1µm	0.1µm	0.1µm	0.01µm	0.0002°		
Scale	Glass Scale	Glass Scale	Pulse	Glass Scale	Glass Scale		
Accuracy	(2+20L/1000) µm	(2+20L/1000)µm	(4+100L/1000) µn	n (2+20L/1000) µm	±0.02/360°		
Laser probe			Personal comp	outer for controller / evalua	L: length (mm		
·	100X (WD = 3.4 mm)	0X (WD = 3.4 mm)		Windows 7			
,	Color CCD camera			19-inch monitor minimum			
Laser output							
	Spot diameter 1 µm (with 100X)		Power consumption AC100V(5A)				
-	EL axis (manually operated) : $0 \sim 90^{\circ}$						
	Laser beam axis (manually	operated) : $45 \sim -90^{\circ}$	Accessories				
Workpiece size			Reference sphe Workpiece hold	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cylinder	smaller than ϕ 80 mm (or	otion: 6 120 mm)	Rubber type vibration isolator				
Minimun diameter	φ 0.02 mm	σισιτ φ τ2στιιιή	Dust proof cover				
	Ψ		Options				
Standard software			Hardware	_			
MitakaMapST+ Advanced Contour Analysis			Haraware	2) Z axis linear scale			
Image capture (MitakaViewer)				3) Motorized EL axis			
Measuring software				4) XY alignment stage			
			5) XY tilt adjustment stage				
			Software	Gear measurement / evaluation			
				Tool edge form evaluation			
				Roundness measurement / evaluation			



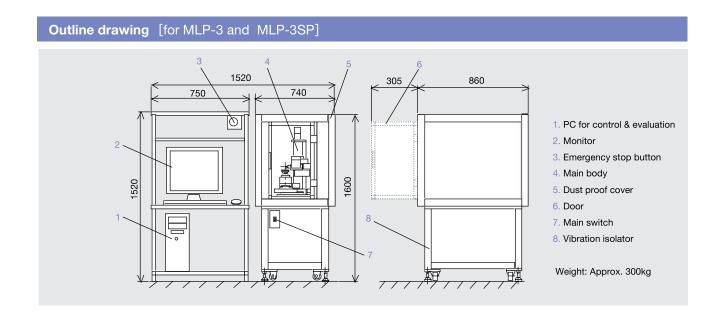
Inner diameter measurement 3D CAD comparative evaluation

MLP-3SP High-end model with high resolution

Z axis linear scale, XY alignment stage and XY tilt adjustment stage are included as standard equipment

■ [MitakaMap XT] is included as standard equipment. A perfect solution for R&D and specialized applications

[MLP-3SP] specification								
Axes	X axis	Y axis	Z axis	AF(R) axis	$AZ(\theta)$ axis			
Measuring range	120 mm	120 mm	130 mm	40 mm	360°			
Positioning resolution	n 0.01 μm	0.01 µm	0.01 µm	0.001 µm	0.0002°			
Scale	Glass Scale	Glass Scale	Glass Scale	Glass Scale	Glass Scale			
Accuracy	(2+20L/1000) μm	(2+20L/1000) µm	(2+20L/1000) µ	m (2+20L/1000) μm	±0.01/360°			
Laser probe			L: length (mm					
	100X (WD = 3.4 mm) Color CCD camera		os	Windows 7				
				19-inch monitor minimum				
Laser output	1mW (Max.) $\lambda = 635$ nm Class 2		Utilities					
	Spot diameter 1µm (with 100X)		Power consumpt	Power consumption AC100V(5A)				
Tilting mechanism EL axis (manually operated) : 0 ~ Laser beam axis (manually operated)		· ·		Pressure supply for vibration isolator over 4kgf/cm² (air hosediameter for pressure supplementation over 4kgf/cm²)				
Workpiece size			Accessories					
Cylinder	smaller than ϕ 80 mm (op	tion: φ 120 mm)	Reference sphere 1 piece					
Minimun diameter	φ 0.02 mm	Workpiece holder 1 set						
			Air spring vibration isolator Dust proof cover					
Standard software			Dust proof cov	CI				
MitakaMapXT+ Advanced Contour Analysis			Options					
Image capture (MitakaViewer)			Hardware	1) 50X objective (WD=10.6 or 18 mm)				
Measuring software				2) Motorized EL axis				
			Software	Gear measurement / evaluation				
Standard hardware				Tool edge form evaluation Roundness measurement / evaluation				
Z axis linear scale								
XY alignment stage				Inner diameter measurement				
XY tilt adjustment stage				3D CAD comparative evalu	uation			



Mitaka



MITAKA KOHKI CO., LTD.

1-18-8 Nozaki, Mitakashi, Tokyo 181-0014 Japan TEL +81(0)422-49-1491 FAX +81(0)422-49-1117 http://www.mitakakohki.co.jp

E-mail: sales@mitakakohki.co.jp

Distributor

For information only.

Specifications subject to change without prior notice.

志隆國際科技有限公司

www.g-long.com.tw service@g-long.com.tw TEL:(02)8228-1385 FAX:(02)8228-1387 23586 新北市中和區中正路872號11樓之5

材料熱/UV固化測試儀器 材料熱擴散測試儀器 表面輪廓粗度量測儀器 光學影像尺寸分析軟體